



Data Protection and Data Security Policy

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DATA PROTECTION AND DATA SECURITY POLICY

Purpose

1. This document defines UK Management College's (UKMC) policy on data protection and data security and is based on the following principles:

- UKMC intends to fully comply with all requirements of the Data Protection Act 2018 ('Act') and the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679) ('GDPR') in so far as they affect the College's activities.
- Ensuring compliance is a corporate responsibility of UKMC requiring the active involvement of, and appreciation by, all staff at all levels of the organisation.
- UKMC will strive to ensure best practice with regard to data protection and data security processes and procedures.
- UKMC will strive to improve practices and procedures using external guidance, monitoring of jurisprudence in the relevant areas, and adopting examples of best practice elsewhere.
- UKMC will provide support and services to enable staff handling personal data to remain compliant with the legislation and the Institution's requirements in respect of data security.

Introduction

2. At UKMC, personal data are held about students, staff and the public. The Institution needs to hold information about its students and staff for reasons which include, but are by no means limited to, the following:

- the recruitment of students;
- the recruitment, employment and payment of staff;
- the administration of courses and assessment of student work;
- student welfare.

Data may also be held on other individuals, such as enquirers to courses, visitors to the College, suppliers, employees of other organisations who are involved in the delivery of College courses, research activities and so on.

3. The Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA) places responsibilities and obligations on organisations which process data about living individuals. It also gives legal rights to individuals in respect of

personal data held about them by others. The DPA may be found on the internet at <https://www.gov.uk/data-protection>.

4. The College is required to have policies and procedures in place to ensure compliance with its obligations under the Act that extend across its students, staff and the activities of the Institution.

Scope

5. This policy applies to:

- All students studying at UKMC, including applicants to its courses and recruitment agents.
- All staff employed by the Institution.
- Any non-University staff with any degree of access and/or use of personal data held by the Institution.
- All institutional activities that involve the processing of personal data as defined by the Data Protection Act 2018.

Definitions

6. The following definitions apply to this policy:

- **The Act:** Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018.
- **Data security breach:** Any occurrence of any unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data held by the College, or the accidental loss, destruction of or damage to any such personal data.
- **Data subject:** A living individual who is the subject of personal data.
- **Data controller:** A person or organisation which controls the purposes and manner in which data are processed. UKMC is a data controller, and the point of contact is the Director of Operations.
- **Data processor:** Any person or persons that process information on behalf of a data controller.
- **Data:** All information in digital format, or manual data within a 'relevant filing system'.
- **The Information Commissioner's Office (ICO):** The supervisory authority, reporting directly to Parliament, that enforces and oversees the DPA, and other information related legislation. The ICO maintains a public register of data controllers. The process of adding an entry to the register

is called *notification*. The College's notification covers the classes of data which are processed, and is updated from time to time.

- **Information life cycle:** The time span that information processed by the College remains 'live' and relevant to the Institution (inclusive of its disposal or destruction) and for which the Institution has obligations under this, or any other policy.
- **Personal data:** Data which relate to a living and identifiable individual, including computerised data and some manual data (i.e. paper-based records, microfiche, etc.). When the DPA was first passed into law, it covered data held in a "relevant filing system", which is defined in the DPA as a "set of information" which "is structured, either by reference to individuals or by reference to criteria relating to individuals, in such a way that specific information relating to a particular individual is readily accessible". However, the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) modifies and extends the DPA to apply to "unstructured personal data". Unstructured personal data are any personal data which fall outside the definition of the relevant filing system given above. The difference may be illustrated as follows. Personnel records are clearly part of a "structured filing system" as they are arranged by surname or employee number. However, a member of staff may serve on a College committee, and that person's name will appear in the minutes of that committee. The minutes are not structured by names, but by the dates of committee meetings. Under the modification to the DPA, such data now fall within its remit.
- **Processing:** An action of any sort taken in regards to personal data during the lifecycle of that personal data. This will include but is not limited to, obtaining, storing, adapting, transferring, transmitting, disposal and destruction.
- **Relevant filing system:** Any set of information relating to individuals to the extent that, although the information is not processed by means of equipment operating automatically in response to instructions given for that purpose, the set is structured, either by reference to individuals or by reference to criteria relating to individuals, in such a way that specific information relating to a particular individual is readily accessible.
- **Sensitive personal data:** The DPA recognises that certain types of personal data should be treated with particular regard. Such data include racial or ethnic origin; political opinions; religious beliefs; membership of a trade union; physical or mental health or condition; sexual life and orientation; and criminal offences.
- **Subject Access Request (SAR):** The means by which any individual exercises the right, pursuant to section 7 of the DPA any individual to see a copy of the information an organisation

holds about them. A SAR can include the following elements:

- a request to be told whether any personal data is being processed;
- a request to be given a description of the personal data, the reasons it is being processed, and whether it will be given to any other organisation or people;
- a request to be given a copy of the information comprising the data; and
- a request to be given details of the source of the data (where this is available).

Aims

7. The aims of the Data Protection and Data Security Policy are to:

- Set out the obligations of the Institution with regard to data protection and data security.
- Establish the guiding principles for the Institution's actions in this area.
- Provide a policy framework to ensure local compliance with the DPA and the Institution's requirements in respect of data security.

Policy statements

Notification

8. The College will comply with the notification obligations placed upon it by the Act and associated regulations; specifically renewing notification with the ICO yearly, and ensuring that the notification is current and accurate. To further the latter, the College will conduct a comprehensive review of its notification no later than every 5 years and more frequently should the activities or data holdings of the Institution so demand.

Personal data held by the College

9. Data are collected from students at various stages. Examples include, but are not restricted to:

- data on applications
- enrolment and registration data
- applications for financial aid
- data held by the Student Academic Office (SAO) in connection with student welfare

10. Data are also added subsequently to students' records, for example:

- marks and progression statements;
- changes of address;
- final degree results;

- medical certificates;
- extenuating circumstances applications;
- payment of fee and debt status.

11. The Department of Human Resources collects data on staff and creates a personnel file for every member of UKMC staff. Some of this information will also be held by individual administrative units within the Institution. Such data will include:

- applications for posts at the College;
- terms of appointment;
- appraisal;
- promotions;
- leave records.

12. All staff and students should ensure that any information that they provide to the College in connection with their employment or study is accurate and up-to-date. The College has ultimate responsibility for ensuring the personal information it holds is accurate and up to date.

13. Upon graduation, some information is passed to the College Alumni Team to allow that body to contact graduates about College events, products, services and for survey purposes. SAO also retain basic graduate student data regarding academic progress to verify awards and to provide a record of lifelong learning.

Processing obligations – general

Data Protection principles in general

14. Under the DPA, personal data must be processed in accordance with the following eight Data Protection Principles. These principles are contained within Schedule 1 of the Act and are the fundamental obligations imposed by the Act with regard to the processing of personal data. The term *processing* has a wide application which includes the mere fact of holding data about a living individual, as well as the alteration, disclosure and destruction of personal information. The eight Data Protection Principles state that data must:

1. be obtained and processed fairly and lawfully and only if certain conditions are met;
2. be obtained for specified and lawful purposes;
3. be adequate, relevant and not excessive for those purposes;

4. be accurate and up-to-date;
5. not be kept for longer than is necessary;
6. be processed in accordance with the rights of data subjects;
7. be kept safe from unauthorised access, loss or destruction; and
8. not be transferred to countries outside the European Economic Area (EEA), unless to countries with equivalent levels of data protection.

The first principle - fair processing

15. The requirement for 'fair processing' is set out in the first data protection principle and is the most important principle with regard to the processing of personal data. In essence, this principle demands, and it is the Institution's policy that, all personal data for which the College is the data controller, will be processed in line with the expectations of the relevant data subjects, and that all data subjects will have adequate notice of any processing undertaken by the Institution.

- If any academic or professional services area is planning to collect personal data from anyone, consent to store and handle the information must be obtained from the individual at the time of the data collection.
- When a student registers at the beginning of his or her course, he or she is issued with a data protection notice. The notice sets out the types of data which are being collected and the uses to which these will be put, including transfers to other organisations such as the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). It also informs the student that, by signing the registration form, he or she consents to the processing of those data, for purposes connected with the legitimate activities of the Institution.
- For staff, a data protection notice is included on application forms for employment at the College which sets out the data which are collected, the uses to which they will be put, and seeks consent for their processing. There is also a notice for successful applicants when they join the Institution.
- Particular attention is drawn to the collection of data on ethnic origin, disability and other protected characteristics, since these are among the types of *sensitive data* defined in the DPA. Explicit consent must be obtained for the processing of sensitive data, and this is made clear in the notices issued to staff and students, which explain that, by providing these data, the staff member or student consents to the processing of his or her data within

carefully-defined limits. An individual cannot be forced to provide these data, and he or she is at liberty to refuse to provide them on the application or registration form (which means, effectively, that consent for their processing has been withheld).

Changes under GDPR

Under GDPR, conducting criminal record checks on employees must be justified by law.

The seventh principle - data security

16. Adequate data security is essential to meet the requirements of the seventh Data Protection principle. Where anyone subject to this policy is in possession of personal data they must:

- ensure that the personal data is technically stored and handled in line with approved College data security policies and processes;
- ensure that Institutional measures are in place to guard against unauthorised or unlawful damage or destruction of the personal data. Such measures could include: restricting access to the data to minimum number of persons possible; ensuring that all digital personal data is password protected wherever it may reside; ensuring that any personal data are not left 'in the open' either in paper form, or on a screen in digital form; ensuring that access to the area in which the personal data is stored is restricted to only those persons who need to be there, minimising the need for transfer of the data, if transfer is required; and ensuring that College data security protocols are in place and observed;
- take steps to provide an adequate level of training in DPA and information security to anyone with access to the personal data, inclusive of anyone outside of the Institution that may have access to the data.
- The Director of Operations will ensure that all technical security requirements are met and that appropriate organisational measures are in place.
- Appendix 1 provides additional guidance on the secure use of mobile devices.

Changes under GDPR

Companies that process over 5,000 personal records per year and employ over 250 employees are now required to appoint a Data Protection Officer, or DPO. The DPO is responsible for everything related to keeping personal data secure and cannot be easily replaced. Appointing someone in this position means personal data can be kept safe and secure more easily, with customer and employee rights being respected according to GDPR.

Other processing obligations

17. Staff should ensure that personal data are:

- processed only for the purposes for which they were collected (note that simply holding data on file counts as processing);
- not divulged to third parties without the subject's consent;
- relevant, accurate and up to date;
- adequate but not excessive for the stated purpose;
- disposed of as confidential material when they are no longer needed for the purposes for which they were collected and in line with College data retention procedures;
- not transferred outside the EEA unless there are adequate measures in place that ensure a level of protection equivalent to that afforded by the Act.

Data sharing

18. Information should not be transferred to third party unless such a transfer is authorised by the Act itself, by other statute, or by the College Student Data Protection Notice or the College Staff Data Protection Notice.

19. The Act authorises release to third parties without notice to the data subject under certain limited circumstances such as:

- detection or prevention of crime, apprehension of offenders;
- protection of the vital interests of the data subject;
- pursuant to a contract to which the data subject is a party;
- pursuant to a legal obligation imposed upon the Institution;
- where necessary for the pursuit of the legitimate interests of the Institution or any third party save where such processing is unwarranted by prejudice to the rights, freedoms or legitimate interests of the data subject.

20. Any proposed data sharing that does not meet the above conditions must be reviewed by the Data Protection Officer who has the responsibility of determining whether, on the facts of the case, a data processing agreement is warranted. As a general rule, one-off, ad hoc data sharing events will not require an agreement whilst any on-going data sharing will require such an agreement.

21. If a data processing agreement is warranted, the Director of Operations will work with the relevant line manager with operational responsibility for the data sharing to draft and agree an

agreement that assures that the Institution meets its compliance obligations.

22. Data that is appropriate under the Act to share must be transmitted in the most secure form available. As far as possible data should be transmitted solely over the secure the College network and the transmission of data via paper, post or independent electronic devices is strongly discouraged. The College IT network is such a secure system, with fully managed access control, backup and recovery processes in place.

23. Where it is legitimate to share personal data with external organisations, the following hierarchy of actions should be adhered to:

- Data should be uploaded via a secure portal wherever possible; most organisations using this method publish details of security systems on their websites.
- Where there is no secure portal, data should be transmitted electronically (for example, as files, databases, PDF files, images) over secure networks. These files should be encrypted and, if so, then email is acceptable for such transmission. Where the transmission of large sets of data is unavoidable, IT Services can advise how this is best achieved.
- Data should be accessed through the host information system directly (if working away from the office, this may be done via a remote connection).
- If it is unavoidable to share paper copies of sensitive data, they should be mailed in securely sealed envelopes and sent by courier or registered post. An individual's personal data in the form of, for example, assessment results or letters of appointments, may be sent in sealed envelopes using normal postal systems.
- Particular care should be taken when transmitting sensitive data to unfamiliar recipients. Wherever possible the authenticity of the recipient should be checked with a known contact at the recipient organisation.

References

24. It is relatively common for staff or students to request access to personal references written at the time of their application for employment or study at the College, or for employment or study elsewhere. This is an area where a specific exemption is written into the DPA: references *given by* the College (the *data controller*) are exempt from the subject access provisions. Thus students and staff cannot apply to see references provided by the College staff and sent to another organisation. They may, however, apply to the organisation to which the reference has been sent.

25. Similarly, they may apply to see references which have been *received by* the College and which may be held in (say) a personnel file. These references *received by* the College are treated as any other items in a file, and we would follow the normal procedure regarding handling subject access requests by data subjects. It is worth bearing in mind that anonymisation is unlikely to be effective where references are concerned, and it is very likely that the Institution would seek the consent of the author before releasing them, before deciding whether or not it was reasonable to release the reference "in all the circumstances".

26. The ICO has advised that, where a reference has had an adverse effect on the subject of the reference, the subject's right of access will normally outweigh any other circumstances, even if the reference was given in confidence, and the author has expressly refused his or her consent to its disclosure.

Research

27. The Act allows certain exemptions in the case of personal data which are collected and processed for research purposes, or for historical or statistical purposes. If the processing is *only* for the purposes of research (and is not used to support decisions about individuals) then

- the data can be kept indefinitely,
- subject access does not have to be granted, as long as the results of the research are anonymised.

28. Care should be taken if a key is retained which enables anonymised data to be decoded and therefore attributed to individuals. An appropriate level of care would exist if the key was only known to those individuals directly involved in the research, and kept securely, and separate from the usual location of the anonymised data. Care should also be taken when students are conducting research involving personal data as part of their studies. In such cases, the College may be the Data Controller and responsible for the student's adherence to the DPA.

29. Many research projects involving human subjects must first be approved by an Ethics Group, and one of the conditions of such approval is that the advice of the Provost has been sought. As part of this role, the Provost may ask to see a copy of the research protocol.

Examinations and assessment outcomes

30. The DPA contains a specific exemption for "personal data consisting of marks or other information processed by a data controller for the purpose of determining the results of an academic, professional or other examination or of enabling the results of any such examination to be

determined". When a subject access request is made before the day on which the results of the examination or assessment are announced, such data may be withheld until five months from the date of the request, or the end of forty days beginning with the date of the announcement of the examination or assessment results, whichever is the earlier. The purpose of this provision is to prevent the release of examination or assessment marks until the assessment process is complete.

31. Information recorded on an examination script by an examination candidate is specifically exempt from the provisions of the DPA. However, comments written on the scripts by examiners are not exempt. Students may apply to see these comments in the same way that they may apply to see other data, although such comments may not be released until the results of the examination are known. Examiners should endeavour to provide comments in such a way as to make them easily separated from the script itself, preferably by use of a separate cover sheet.

System and process assessment

32. Any system, project, process, or information holding within the Institution that involves personal data must be compliant with the Institution's obligations under the Act and an assessment and evaluation of compliance will be necessary.

33. Where advice and guidance is given, every opportunity will be explored to expand the knowledge and awareness of the individual or organisational unit seeking the advice and guidance.

Training and awareness

34. Training and awareness is essential for UKMC to be in a position to meet its obligations under the Act.

35. The Director of Operations has primary responsibility for ensuring that adequate and appropriate training and awareness exist within the Institution, working closely with the Head of HR and the Provost.

36. All employees, upon obtaining employment with the College, will receive general information on the Act and the Institution's obligations thereunder as a component of the induction documentation and process.

37. The Director of Operations has overarching responsibility for the creation and maintenance of web-based and print material for reference and awareness. This post is also responsible for ensuring

that scheduled training is available to staff and students and providing ad hoc training where appropriate.

38. The Director of Operations, in conjunction with the College Executive Board, will identify those roles requiring particular training and awareness of data protection responsibilities and will work with the relevant teams to ensure that adequate and appropriate training is provided. Monitoring of the effectiveness of training and awareness activities should be undertaken and maintained consistently.

Data breach management

39. It is the responsibility of all College staff to avoid data security breaches, but where one does occur, the affected department, Faculty or individual must report the breach to the Director of Operations at the earliest possible opportunity.

40. Any personal data breaches will be handled in accordance with current guidance from the ICO and the disciplinary procedure, and investigation of any breach will initially be the responsibility of the Director of Operations or nominee.

41. Any decision regarding the notification of either the ICO or affected parties of any breach will be taken on the authority of the Director of Operations.

42. The general procedure in the case of a data security breach will follow ICO guidelines and focus on the proper completion of four stages of breach management:

- Containment and recovery
- Assessment of on-going risk
- Notification of breach
- Evaluation and response

43. It is the responsibility of the Director of Operations to ensure that all four stages are addressed. The Director of Operations is responsible for authorising any actions and signing off that each stage has been successfully undertaken and completed.

Data Subject Access Requests (SAR)

44. Persons about whom the College holds data (*data subjects*) may make a Subject Access Request (SAR) to see those data, and to receive or view copies of those data in permanent intelligible

form (print-outs or photocopies). Students, staff or any individuals external to the Institution who wish to make a SAR should be directed to the appropriate page of the College's website.

45. The Director of Operations, in liaison with the HR department, has the responsibility to co-ordinate the request centrally. Requests must be made in writing preferably on the standard application form. Persons making a SAR will also be required to confirm their identity. The DPA provides that the University must respond to a formal request within 40 calendar days.

46. The detail of the processes and procedures to be followed in administering a SAR are set out in the Data Protection SAR Procedure.

Data storage, retention and disposal

47. Adequate data security is essential to meet the seventh principle of the Act and the following safeguards are in place at an organisational level:

- Each of the corporate systems at the College has an underlying database with built-in security, backed up by copying to secure storage each night.
- Firewalls limit external access to the College network. Only authorised users with College logins have access to the network: enrolled students, staff and trusted visitors.
- Server rooms are strictly controlled access areas
- The login gives access to the College network. Both staff and students are advised to change their passwords immediately if they believe their details have been compromised.
- Although workstations automatically lock if left inactive for a specific period, users are advised to always lock their workstations when moving away from their desk (windows key and L on a PC).
- Data stored on a network drive is backed up each night.

48. A range of specialist databases exist which contain varying levels of personal and sensitive information. The following should be adopted as good practice:

- Each database should be held in a separate directory on the main College network drive and be password restricted to an authorised individual or group.
- The database itself should be password protected by the system administrator.
- All other personal or sensitive data that may be held in local, small-scale documents, for example spreadsheets and word documents, must be password protected and restricted to essential users.
- Personal or sensitive data should never be copied to a lap-top computer for local processing

without the express permission of the system owner and only in exceptional circumstances. Whilst College PCs are password protected, they can be vulnerable to a determined hacker. Equally, personal or sensitive data should not be stored on any external devices.

49. Data at the College are retained and disposed of according to need. The overarching principle is that data should only be retained and stored for as long as such data have a legitimate purpose, and thereafter they should be disposed of securely.

50. At the end of the retention period, data should be disposed of and/or destroyed. Manual files should be shredded and disposed of in designated confidential waste sacks if appropriate. Electronic data should be deleted from central systems by the individual responsible for the data after liaising with the IT team.

Complaints

51. Individuals concerned about any aspect of the management of personal data at the College may raise their concerns in the first instance with the owner of the corporate system involved (see Appendix 2). If the concern cannot be resolved, then a formal complaint may be made in accordance with the Complaints Procedure, using the form available on the College website. If an individual, having followed these procedures, is not satisfied that their complaint has been properly dealt with they may contact:

The Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)
Wycliffe House
Water Lane
Wilslow, Cheshire, SK9 5AF

Responsibilities

52. Within this policy, the following post-holders have these responsibilities:

Responsibility	Owner
Administration of subject access requests, response to data protection enquiries from students.	Director of Operations in liaison with the Provost

Initial investigation and management of data security breaches.	Director of Operations
Overall responsibility for Data Protection and Data Security Policy, authorisation of actions related to data security breaches, raising awareness of DPA across the Institution, and the provision of training and information for staff and students	Director of Operations
Overall responsibility for those aspects of data security relating to UKMC information technology systems	Director of Operations
Strategic liaison regarding data protection and data security with the Executive and the Governing Body	Director of Operations
Institutional approval of Data Protection and Data Security Policy	Governing Body and Academic Board
Personal data to be handled in line with the College Data Protection and Data Security Policy, best practice and the Act	Staff and students handling personal data

Review

53. The policy will be reviewed in accordance with the corporate policy review schedule or when legislation is amended (whichever is the sooner) by the Director of Operations in consultation with the Head of HR and Provost.

References

54. The policy is supported within the context of the following pieces of legislation and UKMC policies:

- Data Protection Act 2018
- Data Protection and Freedom of Information Fees Regulations 2004
- Freedom of Information Act 2000
- Environmental Information Regulations 2004

- Privacy and Electronic Communications Regulations 2011
- UKMC Code of Practice for Managing Freedom of Information Requests
- College ICT Acceptable Use Policy

Appendices

55. The policy is supported by the following documents:

- Appendix 1: Secure use of mobile devices;
- Appendix 2: List of corporate system owners and administrators;
- Appendix 3: Staff data protection notice;
- Appendix 4: Student data protection notice;
- Appendix 5: Data Subject Access Request (SAR) Form;
- Appendix 6: Staff data collection consent – extract from College Contract of Employment (staff);
- Appendix 7: Student data collection consent – extract from Student Enrolment Form;
- Appendix 8: Data protection guidance for staff.

Appendix 1: Secure use of mobile devices

1. Purpose

The secure use of mobile devices addresses, in particular, the Seventh Principle – Data Security and the Data Protection Act sets out the principles, expectations and requirements relating to the use of mobile devices and other computing devices which are not permanently located on UKMC premises.

This document should be read in conjunction with the Data Protection and Data Security Policy.

2. Definition

A mobile device is defined as a portable computing or telecommunications device which can be used to provide some of the functions typically associated with a desktop PC, such as storing or processing information. Examples include laptops, netbooks, tablets, smartphones, removable storage media (USB sticks/external hard drives) and wearable devices (Apple Watch/Pebble). As technology moves forwards this list is likely to expand.

3. Scope

All staff at the Institution including contractors, service providers and other organisations that use mobile devices to access College networks or information must comply with Institutional policy. It covers all mobile computing devices whether personally owned, supplied by the College or provided by a third party. Non mobile devices that are not located on College premises and are used for accessing College networks or information are also in scope.

It does not cover personal devices of students at the College, only any device loaned to the student by the College, although it is suggested that students follow the policy to ensure the security of the data and information on their device.

4. Personally owned devices

Whilst the College does not require its staff to use their own personal mobile devices for work purposes, it is recognised that there is demand for this and it is often beneficial. The use of these devices is permitted subject to the following requirements and guidelines. Users must at all times give due consideration to the risks of using personal devices to access College data and information:

Requirements

- An appropriate password/passcode must be set for all accounts on that device.
- A password protected screen saver or screen lock must be used.
- All devices must be set to lock automatically after a set period (5 minutes maximum) and require a password to unlock after this time.
- The device must run the latest version of the operating system and be updated with software updates/security patches in a timely fashion.
- All mobile devices used to access or store sensitive/confidential information must have the ability to be located and be remotely wiped, particularly smartphones and tablets.
- In the case of storage media all sensitive/confidential data stored on the device must be encrypted.
- Any devices at risk of malware infection must run anti-virus software.
- Any device used for this purpose should only be used by an authorised person. If family or friends are to use the device then it must be managed in such a way that others do not have access to this information.
- College data must only be processed using college approved systems, and must not be processed using third party or social media applications, e.g. WhatsApp

Guidelines

- Do not undermine the security of the device for example by Jail Breaking an iPhone.
- Minimise the amount of sensitive/confidential data stored on the device.
- If a device needs to be repaired, ensure that the company you are has an agreement in place which guarantees the security of any data on the device.
- Do not leave devices unattended where there is a risk of theft.
- Be aware of people around you when entering passwords or using the device.

5. College owned devices

The College will occasionally supply mobile devices to staff as required for their work. Where possible these devices will be configured in the same way as those which are permanently located on College premises. Occasionally it is not possible to configure the device for the user, and it will be the responsibility of the user to set the configuration.

Whether the device is configured by the College prior to release or not, the requirements and guidelines listed above should be followed and the following additional requirements apply to any College owned

device:

- Non-members of the Institution must not make any use of the supplied device.
- No unauthorised changes must be made to the supplied device.
- All devices must be returned to the College when they are no longer required or are in need of repair.

6. Third party devices

No staff should use any mobile device or other device that is for public use to access College networks or information. This includes public libraries or cyber cafes.

7. Lost equipment

Should a staff member at any time lose equipment that they believe contains sensitive/confidential content or allows access to the College network, this must be reported immediately to the Director of Operations who can advise on the best course of action.

Appendix 2: List of corporate system owners and administrators

September 2024

System	System owner
Active Directory/Account Provisioning Service	Head of IT
External Examiners	Dean
Facilities Management	Director of Operations
Library Systems	Head of IT
Intranet/Applicant Portal	Head of IT
VLE	Head of IT
Finance systems	Director of Finance
Staff Systems	Head of HR
Student Records System	Head of IT
UKMC website	Head of Marketing

Appendix 3: Staff data protection notice

UK Management College (UKMC) has a notification under the Data Protection Act 2018 to hold personal data about all members of its staff for the purposes of recruitment, appointment, training, remuneration, promotion and other employment related matters, including health and safety. The information is held in a variety of formats, including centrally managed databases. The Institution has in place systems and procedures to ensure that information remains consistent and accurate throughout the databases and to enable the provision of staff services, such as the establishment of e-mail accounts and library membership.

Disclosure of data

Data will be processed in accordance with the provisions of the Act and will only be disclosed within the Institution to members of staff who need to know it in order to carry out their duties, or to others connected with the College for College-related activities or events. Data will only be disclosed to a third party outside the Institution in accordance with the Act. This may include future employers who require verification of your period of employment.

Use of IT facilities

The College of Suffolk reserves the right to exercise control over all activities relating to its IT facilities and networks, including monitoring of systems and electronic communications and access to external electronic resources. This monitoring may include access to personal data held and managed on the IT facilities and networks. The reasons for undertaking such monitoring include ensuring adherence to the College's Guidelines for Use of IT Facilities.

Information provided to the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Some of the data held about you will be sent in a coded and anonymised form to HESA on an annual basis. From there it will be added to a database which is passed to central government departments and agencies to enable them to carry out their statutory functions under the Education Acts. It will also be used by HESA and other bodies for statistical analysis leading to publication and release of data to other approved users including academic researchers and unions. Please note that your name and contact details will not be made available to HESA.

Data retention

If you decide to leave, a permanent record of your period of employment at the College will be retained.

Your rights as a Data Subject under the Act

You have a number of rights relating to the personal data which the College holds about you. The main ones are as follows:

- To be given a copy of any data held, whether on a computer or in a manual file.
- To ask the College not to process any data held about you on the grounds that it might cause you substantial damage or distress.
- To ask the College not to use your personal data for the purposes of direct marketing, should this ever be undertaken by the College.

The College has a Subject Data Access Request Form which is available on the College website with instructions for completion.

Your responsibilities as a Data User under the Act

You have three main responsibilities as a College employee with respect to the processing of personal data:

1. If you hold personal data in any form, whether on computer or in a manual file, as part of your job, this must be registered with your business unit in a form accessible by the Data Controller whose responsibility it is to ensure the Institution's data protection procedures are accurate and up-to-date. This includes any data that might be held by members of academic or academic-related staff for research purposes;
2. In dealing with personal data as part of your job, you must ensure that it is not shared with anyone other than individuals connected to College who need to know it in order to perform their work function. This covers both intentional disclosure and any disclosure that might happen by accident, for example through someone having oversight of your PC screen on which data is displayed. It is particularly important that personal details about members of staff or students are not given to anyone outside the Institution without prior consent of the individual concerned. If you are in any doubt, please do nothing until you have sought advice;

3. If you are a member of academic or academic-related staff, you are also responsible for ensuring that any students under your supervision who process personal data as part of their studies, for example in an undergraduate project or a postgraduate dissertation, conform to the requirements of the Act. Students who find themselves processing personal data as part of their studies are asked to contact their supervisor in the first instance; if you receive any such approaches please contact your line manager for advice.

Help and advice

You may seek help and advice about the Data Protection Act, and how it affects you both as a Data Subject and as a Data User, from your line manager in the first instance or from the Head of Student Academic Affairs.

Appendix 4: Student data protection notice

The College has a notification under the Data Protection Act 2018 to hold relevant personal data about its students, for example, data about your admission, academic background, course registration, methods of payment and academic progress while at the College, together with data about your accommodation and that collected for the purposes of equal opportunities monitoring. This data is processed for various administrative, fee collection, academic, and health and safety purposes. It is processed in accordance with the provisions of the Act and is only disclosed within the Institution to members of staff who need to know it in order to carry out their duties or to others connected with the College for College-related activities or events. Where you provide a mobile telephone number, the College may use this number to contact you by text message with relevant, College-related information.

Specific disclosure of data

If you are involved in an emergency situation which results in you being hospitalised, the College may provide your emergency contact details to the relevant authorities dealing with the emergency, e.g. police, fire brigade or ambulance.

Under the provisions of the Representation of the People Act 2000, the College provides personal information about you to Electoral Registration Officers for the purposes of maintaining registers of parliamentary and local government electors. Personal data about you may also be provided to the relevant local authority in relation to the collection of Council Tax. Should you incur any debt (tax-related or not) while registered as a student at the College, it is likely the Institution will comply with external requests to disclose personal information about you in relation to the collection of the debt.

If you are registered at the College data is only disclosed to a third party outside the Institution in accordance with the Act. This may include prospective employers who require verification of your qualifications, or other educational establishments if, at the end of your time at the College, you decide to undertake studies elsewhere.

Use of IT facilities

The College reserves the right to exercise control over all activities relating to its IT facilities and networks, including monitoring of systems and electronic communications and access to external electronic resources. This monitoring may include access to personal data held and managed on the

IT facilities and networks. The reasons for undertaking such monitoring include ensuring adherence to the College's Guidelines for Use of IT Facilities.

Information about you provided to the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Higher Education Funding Council for England (HEFCE)

Some of the data held about you is sent, in a coded and anonymised form, to HESA on an annual basis. From there it is added to a database which is passed to central government departments and agencies to enable them to carry out their statutory functions under the Education Acts. It is also used by HESA and other bodies for statistical analysis leading to publication and release of data to other approved users, including academic researchers and commercial bodies. Please note that your contact details are not made available to HESA; your name is not used or included in any statistical analysis; and precautions are taken to minimise the risk that you are able to be identified from the data. Neither statutory nor non-statutory users of the data supplied to HESA are able to use the data to contact you.

For individuals who are eligible to take part in the National Student Survey (NSS), which is organised by HEFCE, information about you may be supplied by the College to HEFCE or agents acting on its behalf. HEFCE's appointed agent may contact you directly to take part in a survey to provide feedback about the quality of programmes of study. If you are contacted in connection with the NSS, you have the right to opt out from taking part in the survey at any stage.

Six months after you graduate, the College will contact you in relation to the Destinations of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. As part of this process, your contact details may be passed on to HESA. Two and a half years later, there is the possibility that you may be contacted by HESA or agents acting on behalf of HESA, for a follow up survey, the Longitudinal (DLHE) Survey.

You will have the opportunity to object to these contacts if you wish. Further details about the surveys and what happens to the information that is collected can be obtained from the Student Academic Office (SAO).

Data retention

When you leave, appropriate data is kept as a record to enable the College, if necessary, to provide references on your behalf, or to maintain a record of your academic achievements. The data is transferred to the College's record of its past students to enable us to keep in touch with you after you leave.

Your rights as a Data Subject under the Act

You have a number of rights relating to the personal data which the College holds about you. The main ones are as follows:

- To be given a copy of any data held, whether on a computer or in a manual file.
- To ask the College not to use your personal data for the purposes of direct marketing.

The College has established procedures for dealing with subject access requests which should be made using the appropriate form available on the College website. Please note that it is College policy to disclose examination marks to students and to make the contents of a student personal file, held in SAO. It is not necessary, therefore, to use the subject access provisions of the Act to obtain access to this data.

The College has a Subject Data Access Request (SAR) Form available on the College website which should be completed and submitted in accordance with instructions.

The SAO will be pleased to help with any queries you might have about any of your rights under the Act.

Your responsibilities as a Data User under the Act

It is unlikely that you will find yourself processing personal data as part of your studies at the College. However, if you do, perhaps as part of an undergraduate project, you will become a Data User under the terms of the Act and you will need to take certain steps to ensure that the College knows what you are doing and that your processing of data

conforms to the requirements of the Act. This does not apply to any personal data that you might hold for domestic or personal uses.

If you find yourself in this position, or are in any doubt, please see your Course Leader or Module Leader, in the first instance.

Help and advice

You may seek help and advice about the Data Protection Act, and how it affects you both as a Data Subject and as a Data User, from the SAO.

Appendix 5: Data Subject Access Request (SAR) Form

I, _____ wish to have access to the data which the College currently has about me.

Please specify below

Signed _____

Dated _____

Appendix 6: Staff data collection consent

Extract from the College Contract of Employment for all staff:

DATA PROTECTION

UK management College employees are required to comply with the provisions of the Data Protection Act 2018 and with the College's Data Protection and Data Security Policy. By accepting this employment, you consent to the College processing personal data relating to you as necessary for the performance of your contract of employment and/or the conduct of the College's business. Further, you explicitly consent to the College processing any sensitive personal data relating to you, including but not limited to self-certificates, doctors' certificates, medical reports, details of trade union membership or details of criminal convictions as necessary for the performance of your contract of employment and/or the conduct of the College's business.

Appendix 7: Student data collection consent

Data Protection Summary:

The College collects information about all students for various administrative, academic and health and safety reasons. Under the provisions of the Data Protection Act 2018, the College asks you to give your consent before we do this.

Since the College cannot operate effectively without processing information about you, you are required to sign the Declaration on the College enrolment form. If you do not do so the College may not be able to offer you a course place and may have to withdraw any offer already made.

The College may release your personal data to third parties including current or potential employers, examination bodies, government departments or agencies or as otherwise required by law. Some examples of these are listed below:

- Higher Education Statistics Agency – A statutory return for all Higher Education Institutions
- Potential Employers – To provide a reference in relation to a job application
- Current Employers – Where the employer is responsible for funding the course for a staff member, the College may confirm the status of the student on the course (current or withdrawn) and the results of any assessments taken
- Under the terms of The Registration of the People (England and Wales) Regulations 2001, part III, paragraph 23 relevant data may be shared with the local Electoral Registration Officer
- The Students Loans Company – to confirm attendance to enable payout of loan payments
- Cloud based applications/systems used by the College that comply with all relevant Data Protection and Security regulations. For example, www.gradintel.com, which is used to host each student's Higher Education Achievement Report (HEAR)

Appendix 8: Data protection staff briefing

All new staff to be given guidance during induction and updates provided at team meetings.

What does the Data Protection and Data Security Policy mean to you?

As a publicly accountable body, UKMC is bound by the Data Protection Act (DPA) and is responsible for the protection of this type of information, termed 'sensitive data'. This means any personal information that can be specifically linked to an individual. The DPA covers data on current and former students and staff, potential students and staff, and members of the public. We therefore have to take reasonable measures to ensure that sensitive data is not put at risk of loss or theft. If the College is successfully challenged under the DPA, there is a very real possibility of a hefty fine as well as subsequent scrutiny from the legislators.

The DPA gives individuals the right to know what information is held about them. It provides a framework to ensure that personal information is handled properly. The College's obligations are:

- to notify the Information Commissioner's Office that the College is processing information;
- to process personal information in accordance with the eight principles of the Act which make sure that personal information is:
 - Fairly and lawfully processed
 - Processed for limited purposes
 - Adequate, relevant and not excessive
 - Accurate and up to date
 - Not kept for longer than is necessary
 - Processed in line with the individual's rights
 - Secure
 - Not transferred to other countries without adequate protection;
- to answer subject access requests received from individuals. These may be staff, students or any individual who has an association with the College. They have important rights, including the right to find out what personal information is held on computer and most paper records.